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10:30 | Invited

Abstract: In this paper, the research towards the implementation of a prototype helmet for cyclists equipped with a distributed array of PV cells is presented. The work aims to create a power supply, either independent or auxiliary, for smart and wearable sensors. The implemented prototype has been characterized both in a controlled environment and on the field to assess the amount of generated useful energy. The system proposed in this paper can be used to produce energy to supply a smart sensor based device placed on the helmet; as an application, this could be used to send an alarm in case of an accident occurred to a cyclist, without placing heavy or dangerous battery on the head of the final user.

11:00

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16:30 | Invited

Abstract: A procedure for the optimization of the bit loading in a PLC system implementing OFDM modulation is presented. The optimization strategy aims to find the best compromise between the conflicting objectives of minimal Signal Power, maximal Bit Rate, and minimal Bit Error Rate. The optimization is performed off line by means of a Multi-Objective approach. A set of Pareto solutions is determined, among which the designer has to take the final choice on the basis of the custom requirements. The approach is used to optimize the communication within a distributed energy storage system, which exploits an available electrical car fleet. The power lines supplying the charging points are used for the communication, while the information concerns, for each car, the identification code, the charge state, the schedule of charging/discharging. A unique OFDM modulation is used to dialogue with the whole cars fleet, so that it has to be optimized taking into account the frequency response of all the involved power lines.

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Tuesday 12, September 11:00 – 12:30, P2.2 Building 25 M4 | Advanced Remote Sensing Methord for a Smarter and Safer World (II) Chairs: Antonio Iodice, University of Napoli Federico II

11:00 | Invited

A new look at maritime applications using multi-polarization SAR.....

..... Not Available At The Time of Production

Maurizio Migliaccio, Universita' di Napoli Parthenope, Italy

Abstract: Leading-edge enabling technologies have been specifically developed to design, build, and operate new generation SARs that guarantee flexible, multi-mode and multi-polarization acquisitions. However, a remote sensing system is not meant just for the space community as it has the capability to provide new value-added products, i.e., applications and enhanced operational services that when based on remotely sensed measurements can provide useful information for Earth Observation (EO) purposes. In this talk, the unique opportunities provided by new high-performance multi-polarization SARs in the context of maritime applications are reviewed. The main message is that, once a proper em model is available, multi-polarization SAR measurements offer an unprecedented level of scattering information on the observed scene that make possible an "intelligent" processing of the remotely sensed measurements aimed at providing simple and user-friendly output that can be used by non-expert users and policy-makers.

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Lee Skrypchuk, Jaguar Land Rover, United Kingdom, Great Britain

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Alberto Reatti, University of Florence, Italy

Fabio Corti, University of Florence, Italy

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10:15

Technical Sessions: Track 2 | Industry 4.0

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11:00 | Invited Inhibited Coupling Fibres for High Power Ultra Fast Laser Beam Delivery......Not Available At the Time of Production Luca Vincetti, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy Fetah Benabid, University of Limoges, France

Abstract: Free space beam delivery has long been the only option to transport high energy and/or ultra-short laser pulses. The more robust and flexible technique to deliver laser beams based on conventional optical fibres suffers from pulseenergy upper limit due to the intrinsic catastrophic material damage of the silica and short pulse temporal distortion. Recently a new king of hollow core fibres named Inhibited Coupling (IC) fibres has been proposed. These novel IC fibres exhibit broadband transmission, ultra-low dispersion, and a strongly reduced optical overlap with the surrounding silica allowing to overcome most of the limits of solid conventional optical fibres. In this paper, we report on the latest results on the employment of IC to deliver high-power ultra-short laser pulses.

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Tuesday 12, September 14:30 – 16:00, P2.3 Building 25 I4 | Laser Manufacturing (II) Chairs: Annamaria Cucinotta, *University of Parma, Italy* Luca Vincetti, *University of Modena and Reggio Emila, Italy*

14:30 | Invited

How new laser development can help Laser Shock Peening penetration widen industrial applications? 261 Danijela Rostohar, HiLASE & HiLASE, Czech Republic 261

Abstract: Despite obvious benefits to fatigue behave of Laser Shock Peened components, this technology is still only apply in very limited cases in aviation and nuclear power industry. Limited number of lasers suitable for this treatment, their cost, size and working conditions are most limiting factor. In this paper will be proposed a new approach in the laser architecture which should overcome mentioned limitations of existing laser sources and as a consequence enable wider application of Laser Shock Peening.

15:00

Continuos and Pulsed Laser High Power Beam Combiner for Additive Manufacturing ApplicationsNot Avilable At Time of Production
Marta Bassignana, OPI Photonics SRL, Italy
Alessio Califano, OPI Photonics SRL, Italy
Francesco Pescarmona, OPI Photonics SRL, Italy
Andrea Braglia, OPI Photonics SRL, Italy
Maria Azzena, Polytechnic of Torino, Italy
Guido Perrone, <i>Polytechnic of Torino, Italy</i>

15:15

Ramona Sola, *University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy* Elena Colombini, *University of Modena, Italy* Roberto Giovanardi, *University of Modena, Italy* Giovanni Parigi, *STAV srl, Italy*

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Validation of post-process characterization methods for Laser Shock Penned Materials

Not Available At Time of Production Jan Brajer, *HiLASE, Czech Republic* Jan Madl, *Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic* Jan Kaufman, *HiLASE, Czech Republic* Danijela Rostohar, *HiLASE & HiLASE, Czech Republic* Zdenek Pitrmuc, *Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic* Tomas Mocek, *HILASE Project, Institute of Physics AS CR, Czech Republic*

Wednesday 13, September 8:30 – 10:00, P2.3 Building 25 I5 | Digital Fabrication & Digital Manufacturing (I) Chairs: Domenico Asprone, *University of Napoli Federico II*

8:30 | Invited

Additive manufacturing: from prototypes to products.....Not Available At Time of Production

Ferdinado Auricchio, *University of Pavia, Italy* Simona Marconi, *University of Pavia, Italy*

Abstract: Additive manufacturing, also known as 3D printing, is a disruptive technology that is spreading in many different fields, changing both design, distribution chains and economical paradigms. Additive manufacturing is formally defined as the process of joining materials to make objects from 3D virtual models, usually layer upon layer, as opposed to subtractive manufacturing methodologies. Additive manufacturing was born as a prototyping technology, confining its application only to the production of single or at least few copies of the final product, with the aim of evaluating its esthetic features and/or its functionality and then proceed to the manufacturing with traditional technologies. Thanks to the great evolution that materials and technologies knew in the last few years, additive manufacturing started to spread also as a production technology in many fields. Applications cover a wide range, moving from mechanics to civil engineering, architecture, medicine, food industry and many other fields.

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9:45

11:00 | Invited Design for Additive Manufacturing: Trends and Opportunities Antonio Lanzotti, University of Naples Federico II, Italy Massimo Martorelli, University of Naples Federico II, Italy

Abstract: Additive Manufacturing (AM) techniques offer several technical and economic benefits compared to traditional manufacturing processes. They have the capability to produce complex and intricate shapes that are not feasible with traditional manufacturing processes.

The geometric freedoms associated with AM provide new possibilities for the part design. Associated to topology optimization techniques and other methods able to generate complex shapes (e.g. three-dimensional lattices structures with specific mechanical, thermal, optical, and biological properties, used to produce high stiffness low weight structures), AM techniques, potentially, allow to save time, material and costs.

Although AM can be considered a convenient alternative to conventional manufacturing processes, it is agreed that parts should be redesigned for AM according to the new design guidelines of ISO/ASTM 52910:2017 and not simply reproduced using an AM process.

This study presents the trends and the opportunities offered by Design for Additive Manufacturing (DfAM). It explores issues related to design and redesign for direct and indirect AM fabrication in different fields of application, highlighting the need for the development of DfAM expertise and education.

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Mechanical properties of Inconel 718 in Additive Manufacturing via Selective Laser Melting......298 Fabrizia Caiazzo, University of Salerno, Italy Vittorio Alfieri, University of Salerno, Italy Gaetano Corrado, University of Salerno, Italy Paolo Argenio, University of Salerno, Italy

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Costantino Menna, University of Naples, Federico II, Italy	
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Claudio Ferone, University of Naples Parthenope, RILEM Member, INSTM, Italian Society of Ceramic, Italy Francesco Messina, University of Naples Parthenope, RILEM Student Member, INSTM, Italian Society of Ceramics, Italy

Giuseppina Roviello, University of Napoli Parthenope, Italy

Raffaele Cioffi, University of Naples Parthenope, RILEM Member, INSTM, Italian Society of Ceramic, Italy Laura Ricciotti, University of Napoli Parthenope, Italy

Technical Sessions: Track 3 | Smart Healthcare

Monday 11, September 10:30 – 12:15, P2.1 Building 25 H1 | Advances in Medical Informatics for Health Care Applications (I) Chairs: Silvana Quaglini, *University of Pavia, Italy*

10:30 | Invited The Value of Variety: Methods, strategies and architectures to deal with the most intriguing "V" of Biomedical big dataNot Available At Time of Production Riccardo Bellazzi, *University of Pavia, Italy*

Abstract: Biomedical research and clinical practice have become in the last 20 years "data intensive" fields, thus giving Biomedical informatics a progressively central role. A key aspect of biomedical data is represented by their "variety", i.e. the diversity of data types available that requires different knowledge and approaches to manage and interpret them. Being able to take advantage of variety can be a crucial enabling factor for translational and clinical research, as well as for a more effective care of patients. The talk will report some recent research efforts to deal with variety and discuss some experiences carried on at the University of Pavia, Italy, ranging from the definition of IT architectures and infrastructures to the design and implementation of novel data analytics algorithms, oriented to data integration and fusion.

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Enea Parimbelli, University of Pavia, Italy	
John Holmes, University of Pennsylvania Perelman School of Medicine, USA	

Development of a Health Geomatics analysis framework to evaluate cardiac arrests in Lombardy

Giulia Marelli, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy* Carolina Muñoz, *Universidad de San Buenaventura, Colombia* Piero Brambilla, *Azienda Regionale Emergenza Urgenza - AREU, Italy* Giovanni Sesana, *Azienda Regionale Emergenza Urgenza - AREU, Italy* Andrea Pagliosa, *Azienda Regionale Emergenza Urgenza - AREU, Italy* Maria Brovelli, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy* Enrico G Caiani, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy*

Monday 11, September 16:30 – 18:15, P2.1 Building 25 H2 | Advances in Medical Informatics for Health Care Applications (II) Chairs: Roberto Tagliaferri, *University of Salerno, Italy*

16:30 | Invited

Modeling Care Pathways through BPMN and DMNNot Available At Time of Production Carlo Combi, *University of Verona, Italy*

Abstract: Business Process (BP) technology has emerged as one of the leading technologies in modeling, redesigning, and executing organisational processes in many different application domains. Among them, the representation and management of care pathways have been attracting a growing interest. Care pathways refer to planning and coordination of care processes related to specific groups of patients in a given setting. The goal in defining and following care pathways is to improve the quality of care in terms of patient satisfaction, costs reduction, and medical outcome. Thus, care pathways are a promising methodological tool for standardizing care and decision-making. Business process management techniques can successfully be used for representing organizational aspects of care pathways in a standard, readable, and accessible way, whilst supporting process development, analysis, and re-engineering. In this talk, I will discuss some methodological issues related to the integrated design of care pathways and related decisions, while considering proper representation and management of organizational and clinical information. I will discuss how Business Process Model and Notation (BPMN) and Decision Model and Notation (DMN) can be combined for supporting intertwined aspects of decision-intensive care pathways. As a proof-of-concept the proposed methodology has been applied to design care pathways related to Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) in the region of Veneto, in Italy.

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Tuesday 12, September 8:30 – 10:30, P2.3 Building 25	

H3 | Neural and Cognitive Engineering Chairs: Annamaria Cucinotta, *University of Parma, Italy* Luca Vincetti, *University of Modena and Reggio Emila, Italy*

8:30 | Invited

Abstract: Brain neuronal activity can be modulated by non-invasive brain stimulation (NIBS), via electric currents induced by an externally generated electric or magnetic field. NIBS is now considered an elective tool for the diagnosis of central motor pathway damages, for neurorehabilitation from brain injuries and a treatment option for pain, psychiatric, neurodegenerative and cognitive disorders. Despite this, NIBS is under-investigated in relation to other clinical interventions, particularly for what concerns the knowledge about the actual distributions of the electric fields and current densities induced in the target brain areas. This paper aims to address these issues, boosting the translation of computational bio-electromagnetics approaches into valuable information for diagnosis and therapy.

9:00

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aly

A Wearable Device for Blind People to Restore Color Perception	
Riccardo Cavadini, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy	
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Marta Bracco, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy	
Marco D Santambrogio, Polytechnic of Milan & MIT, Italy	
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Andrea Malagoli, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
Matteo Corradini, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
Paola Corradini, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy
Todd Schuett, Kongsberg Norcontrol, Norway
Sergio Fonda, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy

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Domenico Ursino, University Mediterranea of Reggio Calabria, Italy

Tuesday 12, September 8:30 – 10:30, P2.1 Building 25 H4 | Services, Applications and Solutions to Challenging Problems in Smart Healthcare Chairs: Sonia Bergamaschi, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy Agusti Solanas, Rovira i Virgili University, Spain

8:30 | Invited

Abstract: Smart Healthcare is a relatively new context-aware healthcare paradigm influenced by several fields of knowledge, namely medical informatics, communications and electronics, bioengineering, ethics and so on. Thus, many challenging problems are related to smart healthcare but in many cases they are explored individually in their respective fields and, as a result, they are not always known by the smart healthcare research community working in more specific domains. The aim of this article is to identify some of the most relevant trends and research lines that are going to affect the smart healthcare field in the years to come. To do so, the article considers a systematic approach that classifies the identified research trends and problems according to their appearance within the data life cycle, this is, from the data gathering in the physical layer (lowest level) until their final use in the application layer (highest level). By identifying and classifying those research trends and challenges, we help to pose questions that the smart healthcare community will need to address. Consequently, we set a common ground to explore important problems in the field, which will have significant impact in the years to come.

9:00 A Fog-Computing architecture for Preventative Healthcare and Assisted Living in Smart Ambients Luca Cerina, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy Sara Notargiacomo, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy Matteo Greco, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy Luca Paccani, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy Marco D Santambrogio, Polytechnic of Milan & MIT, Italy
9:15 Visual Evaluation of Health Warning Cues in Anti-Smoking PSAs images
9:30 Neuroelectrical Indices evaluation during Antismoking Public Service Announcements on a Young population
9:45 Assistive Robotic Walker Parameter Identification for Estimation of Human Thrust without Force Sensors
10:00 Exergaming for Balance Training, transparent monitoring and social inclusion of community- Dwelling elderly

Wednesday 13, September 11:00 – 13:00, P2.1 Building 25 H5 | E-Health and Personalised Medicine (I) Chairs: Sergio Cerutti, *Polytechnic of Milano, Italy* Enzo Pasquale Scilingo, *University of Pisa, Italy*

11:00 | Invited

Linking Excellence in Biomedical knowledge and Computational Intelligence Research for Peronalized ManagementNot Available At Time of Production Paulo de Carvalho, University of Coimbra, Portugal

Abstract: In order to handle the challenges induced by the chronic disease burden, the EU health systems are undergoing a paradigm shift from reactive care to preventive care and from in-hospital to home care. Prevention systems support and motivate users in adopting healthy lifestyles in order to prevent or delay manifestations of disabling chronic diseases. Disease management systems handle the care of patients with chronic disease, combining expertise from different areas, and integrating new technologies to offer the patient better and more cost effective care. In this context, personalizing health and care systems (PHC) have a central role in supporting the paradigm shift by assisting in the provision of continuous and personalised services to empower patients and professionals in managing their health. Today's personal health systems miss adequate integration of clinical evidence and knowledge from holistic clinical practice and biomedical research required to support truly holistic management of chronic diseases and their comorbidities. Current solutions are designed using the "one fits all" principal lacking a truly personalization/precision by capturing and adapting to the patients' phenotype and individualized treatment or context needs. Data processing is at the core of personal health where acquired data is turned into meaning and action. In order to pave the way from personal to personalised systems, PHC require intelligent algorithms to treat and correct data obtained from uncontrolled conditions, to efficiently integrate multimodal and multi-scale data, to be self-adapting (moving from population-based to patient-specific adaptations) and interpretable, and to integrate clinical and biomedical evidence at their genesis. In this talk the goal is to introduce and discuss the LiNK approach, i.e., a strategy outlined to link competences in intelligent processing in order to create a research ecosystem to address two central scientific and technical challenges for PHC deployment: (1) infusion of clinical evidence biomedical knowledge in PHC solutions and (2) moving PHC solutions from personal to personalized services, i.e., services adapted to the specific user needs and characteristics.

11:30

11:45

Management of mobile Health Projects in Developing Counties: An Empirical Study......445 Ali Zalzala, Community Tracks, United Kingdom, Great Britain Abhimanyu Roy, Institute of Management Technology, Ghaziabad, India

12:15

12:30

12:45

Alessia Paglialonga, CNR IEIIT - CNR Institute of Electronics, Computer and Telecommunication Engineering, Italy Francesco Pinciroli, Polytechnic of Milan, Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria "DEIB", Italy Riccardo Barbieri, Polytechnic of Milan, Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria "DEIB", Italy Enrico G Caiani, Polytechnic of Milan, Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria "DEIB", Italy Marco Riboldi, Polytechnic of Milan, Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria "DEIB", Italy Gabriella Tognola, CNR IEIIT - CNR Institute of Electronics, Computer and Telecommunication Engineering, Italy Wednesday 13, September 14:30 – 16:30, P2.1 Building 25 H6 | E-Health and Personalised Medicine (II) Chairs: Sergio Cerutti, *Polytechnic of Milano, Italy* Paulo de Carvalho, *University of Coimbra, Portugal*

14:30 | Invited

Central and autonomic nervous system dynamics multiperceptual affective

Abstract: The talk will focus on exploring central and autonomic nervous system dynamics for the assessment of mood and emotional states. Several concepts, some of which are currently sparse over different manuscripts, will be illustrated in order to bring out a clear breakthrough in the field of affective computing, mood assessment, biomedical engineering, biomedical signal processing, and data acquisition. Some personalized methodologies able to characterize the affective state of a subject by means of the analysis of a wide spectrum of central (EEG) and peripheral biosignals such as Heart Rate Variability, Electrodermal Response, Respiration Activity, Eye Gaze information, will be described. Moreover, these patterns of biosignals are processed during the presentation of affective stimuli conveyed through different perceptual channels, i.e. visual, auditory, tactile and olfactory, pointing out the crucial role of nonlinear dynamics and the strict interconnection between brain and heart.

15:00

Paulo Carvalho, University of Coimbra, Portugal

15:15

15:30

Measuring autonomic involvement related to seizure onset in Focal Cortical Dysplasia Type II

Anna M. Bianchi, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy* Anna Dabraio, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy* Stefania Coelli, *Polytechnic of Milan, Italy* Lino Nobili, *Ospedale Niguarda, Milano, Italy* Chiara Campana, *Ospedale Niguarda, Milano, Italy* Annalisa Rubino, *Ospedale Niguarda, Milano, Italy*

15:45

Bioimpedance sensing in wearable systems: from nardware integration to model development	
Stefano Rossi, <i>STMicroelectronics, Italy</i> Chiara Mancarella, <i>University of Siena, Italy</i> Chiara Mocenni, <i>University of Siena, Italy</i> Luigi Della Torre, <i>STMicroelectronics, Italy</i>	487
16:15 HUGenomics: a support to personalized medicine research	493

Wednesday 13, September 8:30 – 10:25, P2.1 Building 25 H7 | Big Data Integration and IoT for Smart Health Care Chairs: Giovanni Simonini, *University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy*

8:30 | Invited Atrial fibrillation: what technologies for a clinical screening?.....Not Available At Time of Production Giuseppe Boriani, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy

Abstract: Atrial fibrillation is a disease, associated with adverse outcomes (stroke, heart failure, death), with an increasing prevalence that will result in 2030 in Europe in around 15 million subjects affected and 200,000 new cases per year. Atrial fibrillation can be asymptomatic in up to 40% of cases but its detection, even if asymptomatic, is crucial for instituting antithrombotic prophylaxis for preventing stroke. This work is focused on the analysis of data from patients with and without atrial fibrillation aiming to evaluate cheap monitoring tools (using devices designed for area of wellness) as well as medical certified devices, coupled with mHealth Apps, and assess the potential clinical performance of "low cost" strategies for detecting atrial fibrillation, in comparison with the gold standard of continuous electrocardiographic (ECG) monitoring, which is a sophisticated and costly tool.

9:05 A Telemonitoring Service Supporting Preterm Newborns Care in a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	
Eleonora Losiouk, <i>University of Pavia, Italy</i> Giordano Lanzola, <i>University of Pavia, Italy</i> Alfonso Galderisi, <i>University of Padova, Italy</i> Daniele Trevisanuto, <i>University of Padova, Italy</i> Garry Steil, <i>Harvard Medical School, USA</i> Andrea Facchinetti, <i>University of Padova, Italy</i> Claudio Cobelli, <i>University of Padua, Italy</i>	
9:20 The Italian FSHD Registry: an enhanced data integration and analytics framework for Smart Health Care 510 Mirko Orsini, DataRiver Srl, Italy Enrico Calanchi, DataRiver Srl, Italy Luca Magnotta, DataRiver Srl, Italy Luca Gagliardelli, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy Monica Govi, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy Fabiano Mele, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy Rossella Tupler, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy	
9:35 PV-OWL – PharmacoVigilance surveillance through semantic Web-based platform for continuous and integrated monitoring of drug-related adverse effects in open data sources and social media	
9:50 PC4HC: Personalized Communication for Health Care	
10:05 Invited	

 10:05 | Invited

 Augmented Personalized Health: How Smart Data with IoTs and AI is about to Change

 Healthcare

 Amit Sheth, Kno.e.sis, Wright State University, Ohio, USA

Abstract: Healthcare as we know it is in the process of going through a massive change - from episodic to continuous, from disease focused to wellness and quality of life focused, from clinic centric to anywhere a patient is, from clinician controlled to patient empowered, and from being driven by limited data to 360- degree, multimodal personal-public-population physical-cyber- social big data driven. While ability to create and capture data is already here, the upcoming innovations will be in converting this big data into smart data through contextual and personalized processing such that patients and clinicians can make better decisions and take timely actions for augmented personalized health. This paper outlines current opportunities and challenges, with a focus on key AI approaches to make this a reality. The broader vision is exemplified using three ongoing applications (asthma in children, bariatric surgery, and pain management) as part of the Kno.e.sis kHealth personalized digital health initiative

Wednesday 13, September 11:00 – 13:00, P2.1 Building 25 H8 | Data-driven prevention and intervention for Health Chairs: Sergio Cerutti, *Polytechnic of Milano, Italy* Paolo Paolini, *Polytechnic of Milano, Italy*

11:00 | Invited

Abstract: Identifying behavior changes that may lead to critical or pre-critical conditions is the goal of prevention in case of "mild" diseases like MCI and frailty. The session calls for papers that deal with all connected aspects, like: modelling of the behaviors to monitor and/or influence; technologies for prevention and intervention and their deployment; use of data from smart-cities; socio-economic aspects of prevention/intervention via technologies; persuasion and intervention to modify negative behaviors; how to provide the medical staff with qualitative information, etc.

11:30

Giulia Plotti, HOC-LAB Polytechnic of Milan, Italy

11:45

12:00

12:15

12:30

12:45	
An IoT-aware System for Elderly Monitoring	565
Luca Mainetti, University of Salento, Italy	
Vincenzo Mighali, University of Salento, Italy	
Luigi Patrono, University of Salento, Italy	
Piercosimo Rametta, University of Salento, Italy	
Maria Laura Stefanizzi, University of Salento, Italy	
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